# Endangered Language Alliance presents Unneard of part 4 The Hima ayas Mustang, Sherpa & Tibetan

### Endangered Language Alliance

- A non-profit organization dedicated to the documentation, conservation and continuation of endangered languages throughout the world.
- Based in NYC and working in collaboration with immigrant communities.

### The Unheard Of! series

 With the help of Bowery Arts + Science, we present a 10 part series highlighting the poetry and song of different endangered language communities.

### The Unheard Of! series

- With the help of Bowery Arts + Science, we present a 10 part series highlighting the poetry and song of different endangered language communities.
- Each community is represented by local NYC populations, fighting to keep their languages vital in their new home.

 Today we present several Tibeto-Burman languages of Nepal and Tibet.

- Today we present several Tibeto-Burman languages of Nepal and Tibet.
- These communities are mostly composed of new immigrants to New York (last 10-15 years) but now have very significant populations within the city.

- Today we present several Tibeto-Burman languages of Nepal and Tibet.
- These communities are mostly composed of new immigrants to New York (last 10-15 years) but now have very significant populations within the city.
- Yet, they are still relatively unknown to outsiders.

 Uniquely, NYC is home to several major Tibetan organizations and museums.

- Uniquely, NYC is home to several major Tibetan organizations and museums.
- As is generally the case, anthropologists, linguists and historians are primarily interested in *preservation*.

- Uniquely, NYC is home to several major Tibetan organizations and museums.
- As is generally the case, anthropologists, linguists and historians are primarily interested in *preservation*.
- However, the communities in question are also interested in *continuation*.

• Today we present another side of Tibetan and other Tibeto-Burman cultures.

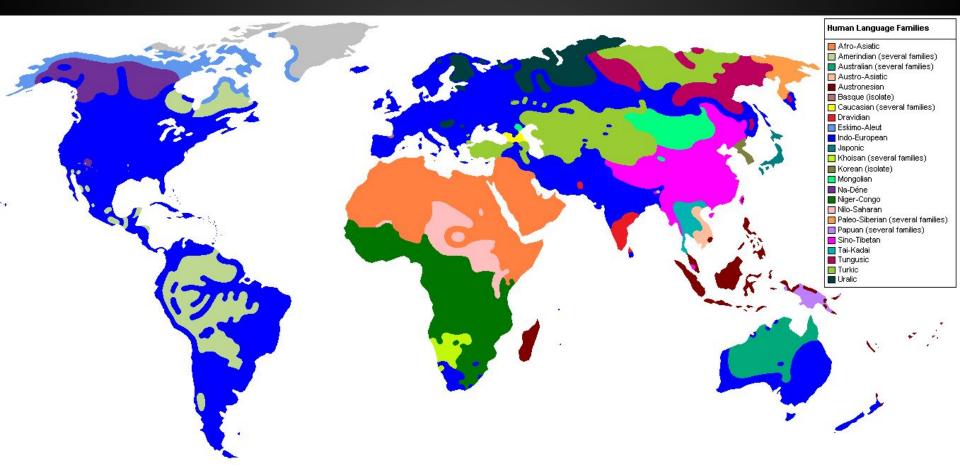
- Today we present another side of Tibetan and other Tibeto-Burman cultures.
- The transmission of traditional culture to new generations as demonstrated by the *Himalayan Language and Culture Program*, led by Nawang Tsering Gurung.

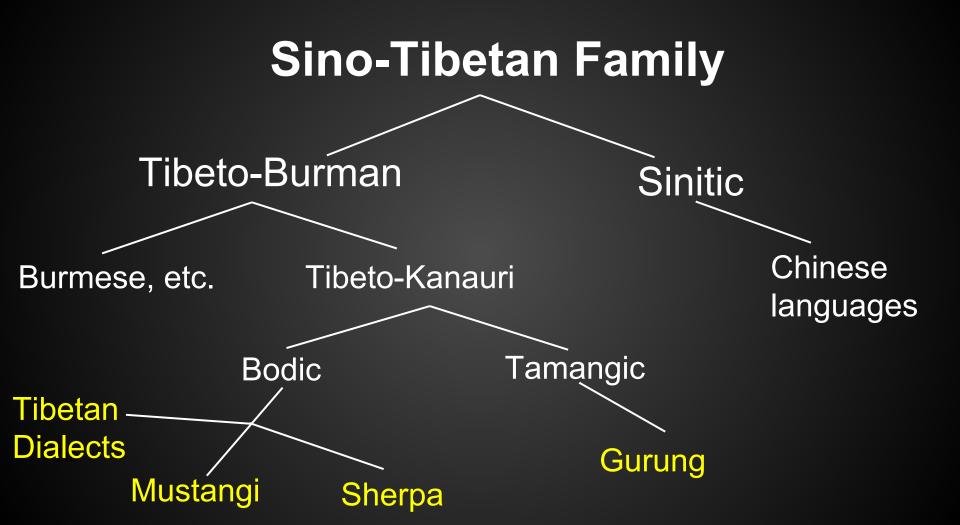
### A very brief linguistic introduction

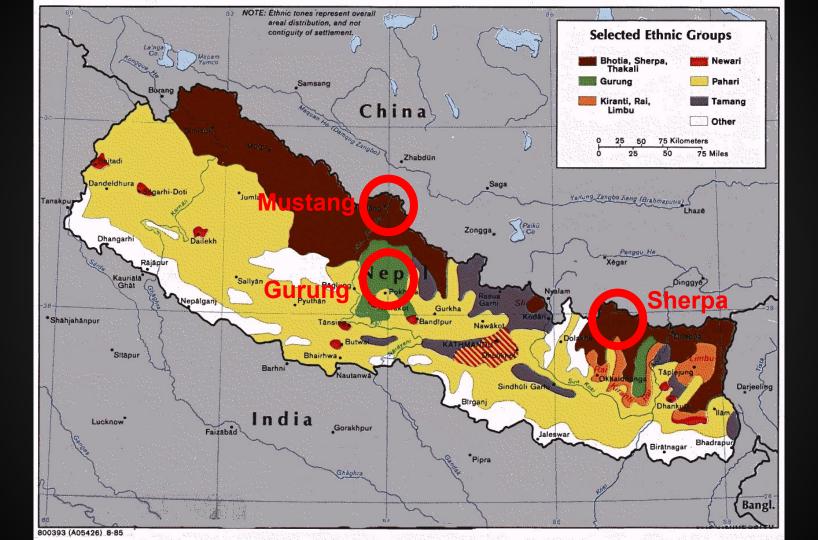
### Language Families

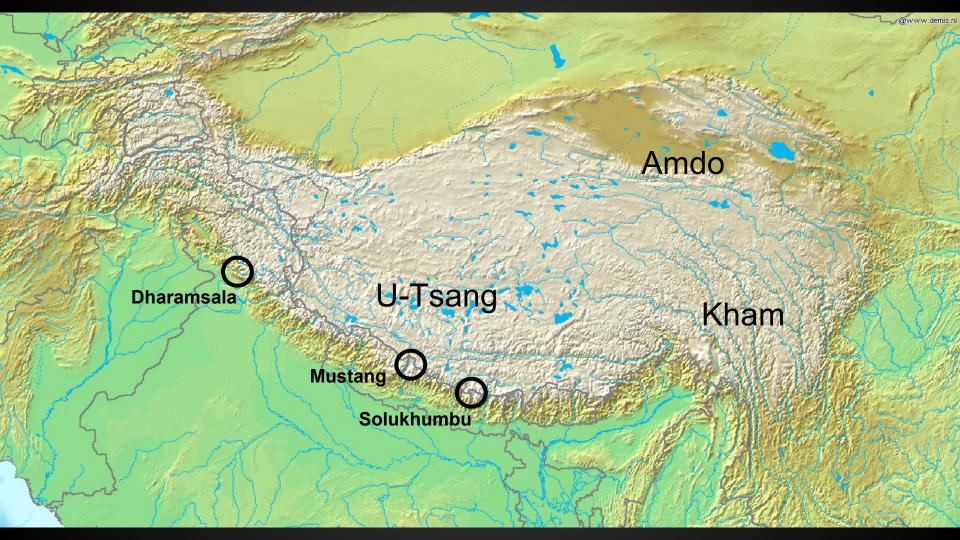
- The classification of languages by historical relationships
  - Inherited cognates
  - Shared Innovations
- Families are biggest groups linguists can identify with a degree of certainty
- Isolates have no known relatives

#### Present day distribution of language groups









### Solukhumbu

# Mustang

### A few features of linguistic interest

### Tonogenesis

- Among Sino-Tibetan languages, some have complex tone systems, some have simple ones, some have none.

- Mandarin:

mā	má	mǎ	mà	ma
'mother'	'bother'	'horse'	'scold'	QM

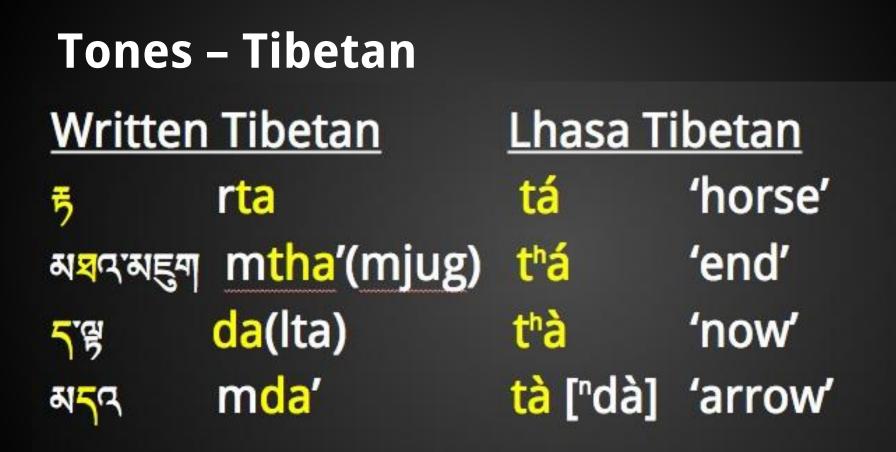
### Tones – Tibetan

### Written Tibetan

रू। = *sa* 

त्र = za

<u>Lhasa Tibetan</u> *sá* 'earth' *sà* 'eat'



### **Tones – Gurung**

### 1) *le* (high, falling) 'moon'

### 2) *le* (mid, level) 'tongue'

### 3) *le* (low, breathy) 'many'

### Tones – Gurung

*mbi* high falling 'tail'
 *mbi* mid/high level (long?) 'fire'
 *mbi* mid/high level (short?) 'eye'
 *mbi* low rising; breathy 'person'

### **Case marking – Sherpa**

daw-i daŋ fakpa la thoŋ suŋ Dawa-ERG yesterday Lakpa OBL see SFP 'Dawa saw Lakpa yesterday.' (Zhang 11/11/13, NYU fieldmethods)

dawa tʃaŋbu we Dawa clever SFP 'Dawa is clever.' (Zhang 11/11/13, NYU fieldmethods)

### Evidentiality

Roman Jakobson: "Languages differ essentially in what they *must* convey and not in what they *may* convey."

### Evidentiality

Many Tibeto-Burman languages require the use of affixes and auxiliary verbs that convey how knowledge was arrived at in every statement.

#### Van Driem (2002:35)

"The form - **'ing** expresses old, ingrained background knowledge which is or has become a firmly integrated part of one's conception of reality, whereas the form -**' immä** expresses knowledge which has been newly acquired."

### Evidentiality – Dzongkha

พาฬิฬิาริรุราพิศาพิสา

'Aphi 'mi d'i dr'ungnyi 'ingThat man the clerk be'That man is a clerk.'Assimilated knowledge

พาฬิพิริรีรุราพิฆาพิสามพ

'Aphi 'mi d'i dr'ungnyi 'immä
That man the clerk be
'That man is a clerk.'
Acquired knowledge

(Van Driem 2002)

### Evidentiality – Dzongkha

Nga khêko yö I strong be 'I am strong.' Assimilated knowledge

R5- REQ. 2 NA 19

Chö j'ârim dû You beautiful be 'You are beautiful.' Acquired knowledge

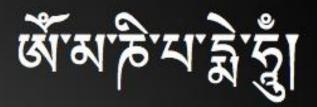
(Van Driem 2002)

### Program

- Sherpa song introduced by Phuri Lama
- Om Mani Padme Hum mantra and song
- Mustangi song by Tenzin Wangmo
- Dhomed Tibetan dance
- Modern Tibetan song by Jamphel and Sonam
- Tibetan group song (*song dang lemo so*)
- Sonam Lhamo song

## Sherpa

### Om Mani Padme Hum



The kindness of my gracious horse I wanted to repay it But I lost him at the hands of a deceitful ruler Even if I want I can't repay him Oh...Lama and the Three Jewels Because of this bestow your compassion Om Mani Padme Hum

### Om Mani Padme Hum



The kindness of my gracious *dri* (female yak) I wanted to repay it But I lost her at the hands of a slaughterous ruler Even if I want I can't repay her Oh...Lama and the Three Jewels Because of this bestow your compassion Om Mani Padme Hum

### Om Mani Padme Hum



The kindness of my gracious parents I wanted to repay it But they left to the land of a foreign ruler Even if I want I can't repay them Oh...Lama and the Three Jewels Because of this bestow your compassion Om Mani Padme Hum

### Mustangi Song by Tenzin Wangmo

Dagu yeta yonta Lhayi shuk ta dajung Dagu goru shuken misang ser ki dongpo Jamo riksha domo Thorang shangne gang je?

In the surroundings, here and there, is where the gods live.

Noble men sit on their thrones.

Why have the birds woken up so early?

### Mustangi Song by Tenzin Wangmo

Tangpo meyok gyuken milang kamed thung jung Nyen dang phama debdu Nang sa demed jung sung Nyen kyi buchung gyang ne Sem la kyon nang bar Common people head to work in the dark and the cold.

As they wonder why they have woken up so early, the birds are already awake and ready to sing.

### **Dhomed Tibetan dance**

This dance celebrates the youthful aspirations of the dancers, as they amuse themselves by admiring each other's virtues and merits. This type of dance is popular in Tso Ngon and Labrang of the Amdo region. Dhomed (Domey), the original home of His Holiness the Dalai Lama, is known for its lush green meadows. The people are known for their love of horses and academic brilliance.

### **Beautiful Kongpo**

#### a modern Tibetan song by Jamphel and Sonam

This song describes the beauty of the Kongpo region of Tibet. It talks about how peaceful the flowers are when you glance at them, how fresh the relieving air is, how pure the water is through which one can see fish, how the animals are full of joy running here and there with no fear, and how people are extremely generous to one another. It is the one and only, the beautiful Kongpo country.

### Tibetan group song (song dang lemo so)

lha sa norbu ling la norbu mi duk ma song chho sha yi shin norbu nor bu min na nga re?

> At Lhasa Norbu Ling **N** Don't say there is no jewel Yeshi Norbu ('Wisdom Jewel,' Buddha, His Holiness) If this is not a jewel, what is?

# **Concluding Song** by Sonam Lhamo

Mrs. Sonam Lhamo was a professional performer for the Tibetan Institute of Performing Arts in Dharamsala, India. She is dedicated and passionate about Tibetan cultural preservation, with the youth in particular and teaches Tibetan language, dance, and music classes. We the Himalayan Language and Cultural Program are happy to have Mrs. Sonam la as a key leading guru for the children.